THE MOORE TOWNSHIP COMMUNITY AND RECREATIONAL FOUNDATION Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Financial Statements December 31, 2022

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To the Members of the Moore Township Community and Recreational Foundation:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Moore Township Community and Recreational Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.



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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

London, Ontario

July 10, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants



Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2022

	 2022	 2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 93,257	\$ 91,182
Guaranteed investment certificates (Note 4)	37,966	37,217
Account receivable	758	537
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	\$ 131,981	\$ 128,936
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 131,981	\$ 128,936

Approved on behalf of Council:

Mayor

Treasurer

Statement of Operations

As at December 31, 2022

	 2022	 2021
REVENUES		
Donation Interest	\$ 10,000 3,145	\$ 10,000 1,204
	13,145	11,204
EXPENDITURES		
Donation	10,100	3,900
	10,100	3,900
ANNUAL SURPLUS	3,045	7,304
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	128,936	121,632
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 131,981	\$ 128,936

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets As at December 31, 2022

	 2022	2021
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$ 3,045	\$ 7,304
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	3,045	7,304
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	128,936	121,632
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, AT END OF YEAR	\$ 131,981	\$ 128,936

Statement of Cash Flows

	 2022	2021
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:		
OPERATING ACTIVITES Annual surplus	\$ 3,045 \$	7,304
Increase in account receivable	(221)	(372)
Cash provided by operating transactions:	2,824	6,932
INVESTING ACTIVITES		
Decrease in guaranteed investment certificates	(749)	-
Cash provided by investing transactions:	(749)	-
NET CHANGE IN CASH	2,075	6,932
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	91,182	84,250
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 93,257 \$	91,182

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2022

1. NATURE OF FOUNDATION

The Moore Township Community and Recreational Foundation ("the Foundation") was incorporated on December 31, 1990 and is funded through donations, bequest and other gifts. The Foundation has been established to act as a fiduciary for those who wish to tangibly express the pride they feel for this area through donations, bequests and other gifts. The Foundation will make grants to charitable, educational, cultural and other projects and activities which will enhance the excellence and quality of life in the community.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Foundation are the representation of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations which include the following significant accounting policies:

Revenue Recognition

Donations are recognized as revenue when received by the Foundation using the deferral method accounting for contributions. Interest earned on surplus funds is recognized as revenue when earned.

Financial instruments

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Foundation initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

Related party financial instruments are measured at cost on initial recognition. When the financial instrument has repayment terms, cost is determined using the undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest, dividend, variable and contingent payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. When the financial instrument does not have repayment terms, but the consideration transferred has repayment terms, cost is determined based on the repayment terms of the consideration transferred. When the financial instrument and the consideration transferred both do not have repayment terms, the cost is equal to the carrying or exchange amount of the consideration transferred or received.

The Foundation subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for bonds, common shares and other marketable securities quoted in an active market, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, guaranteed investment certificates, and accounts receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements Year ended December 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of possible impairment. When a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset or group of assets, a write-down is recognized in net income. The write down reflects the difference between the carrying amount and the higher of:

- the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or group of assets:
- the amount that could be realized by selling the assets or group of assets;
- the net realizable value of any collateral held to secure repayment of the assets or group of assets.

When the events occurring after the impairment confirm that a reversal is necessary, the reversal is recognized in net income up to the amount of the previously recognized impairment.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Estimates are used with accounting for items such as accrued receivables.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

All financial instruments are considered current in nature and accordingly their value approximates fair value. Management has determined that the Foundation is not exposed to interest rate risk, credit risks, or liquidity risk

4. GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES

	2022	2021
GIC 1.00% due July 22, 2022	-	37,217
GIC 4.40% due July 25, 2023	37,966	-
	37,966	37,217